

New Jersey State Cancer Registry
List of reportable diseases and conditions
Effective date March 10, 2011; Revised January 2023

**IMPORTANT NOTE: This list is not intended to be an exhaustive list of all reportable conditions.
Please refer to the General Rules for Reportability and to the ICD-O-3.2 Manual.**

General Rules for Reportability

All cases meeting the following criteria must be reported to the NJSCR:

- (a) Any in situ or invasive neoplasm with a behavior code of “/2” or “/3” in the International Classification of Diseases for Oncology (ICD-O) Third Edition
- (b) All solid tumors of the brain and central nervous system, including meninges and intracranial endocrine structures, listed in the ICD-O-3.2 with behavior codes of “/0”, “/1”, “/2”, or “/3.”
- (c) Any diagnosis including any of the following words:
 - Cancer
 - Carcinoma
 - Adenocarcinoma
 - Carcinoid tumor
 - Leukemia
 - Lymphoma
 - Malignant
 - Sarcoma
- (d) Any reportable diagnosis which contains any of the following ambiguous terms in the final diagnosis:

Apparent(ly)	Most likely
Appears	Presumed
Comparable with	Probable
Compatible/Compatible with	Suspect(ed)
Consistent with	Suspicious (for)
Favors	Typical (of)
Malignant appearing	

Exceptions

Cases meeting the following criteria are not reportable to the NJSCR:

- (a) Diagnoses based on cytology specimens containing any ambiguous term listed in (d) above. Exception: The date of a suspicious cytology may be used as the date of diagnosis when a definitive diagnosis follows the suspicious cytology. See Date of Diagnosis for more information. This is a change to previous instructions.
- (b) Basal cell carcinomas and squamous cell carcinomas of the skin are NOT reportable, except when they are diagnosed in the labia, clitoris, vulva, prepuce, penis or scrotum. Carcinoma in situ of the cervix and/or cervical squamous intraepithelial neoplasia III (CIN III) are NOT reportable.

If any uncertainty regarding the reporting of a particular case exists, the health care facility, physician, dentist, other health care provider or independent clinical laboratory shall contact the Department for guidance at (609) 633-0500 or view information on the following website <http://www.nj.gov/health/ces/njscr.shtml>. Also Appendix E2 of SEER Program manual for Non-reportable examples https://seer.cancer.gov/manuals/2023/SPCSM_2023_Appendix_E.pdf

The following conditions are reportable to the NJSCR for the site of origin listed. This list is not meant to be exhaustive. Please refer to the ICD-O-3.2 manual and follow the reportability guidelines above.

ALL SITES

- Askin tumor
- Chordoma
- Cylindroma (except of skin)
- Desmoplastic small round cell tumor
- Dysgerminoma
- Epithelioma, malignant
- Fibroblastic reticular cell tumor
- Germ cell tumor, nonseminomatous
- Germinoma
- Hemangioendothelioma, malignant
- High grade squamous intraepithelial lesion (HSIL)
- Intraepithelial neoplasia grade II/III
- Langerhans cell histiocytosis, disseminated (ONLY)
- Malignant histiocytosis
- Malignant mast cell tumor
- Malignant mastocytosis
- Malignant tumor, all cell types
- Medulloepithelioma
- Melanoma

ALL SITES

Mesenchymoma, malignant
Mesothelioma, malignant and in-situ
Myelodysplastic/Myeloproliferative neoplasm, unclassifiable
Myoepithelioma, malignant
Neuroblastoma
Neuroendocrine Tumor, Grade 1 (NET GR1)
Neuroendocrine Tumor, Grade 2 (NET GR2)
Neuroepithelioma
PEComa, malignant
Peripheral neuroectodermal tumor
Perivascular epithelioid cell tumor, malignant
Phosphaturic mesenchymal tumor, malignant
Plasmacytoma
Polyembryoma
Serrated adenocarcinoma
Sezary syndrome
Solitary fibrous tumor, malignant
Squamous dysplasia, high grade for sites other than colon/GI
Squamous intraepithelial neoplasia, grade II & III (SIN II & III) (8077/2), except Cervix and Skin
Yolk sac tumor

ADRENAL

Adrenal cortical carcinoma
Adrenal medullary paraganglioma
Aortic body tumor, malignant
Carotid body tumor, malignant
Chromaffin paraganglioma
Chromaffin tumor
Chromaffinoma
Composite pheochromocytoma
Extra-adrenal paraganglioma, malignant
Ganglioneuroblastoma
Germinoma
Neuroblastoma
Neuroendocrine carcinoma
Neuroepithelioma
Paraganglioma, malignant
Pheochromoblastoma
Pheochromocytoma, NOS
Sympathicoblastoma
Teratoma, malignant, NOS
Teratoma w/malignant transformation

ANUS (see [G-I tract](#))

APPENDIX (see [G-I tract](#))

BILE DUCTS (see [Gallbladder and Extrahepatic Bile Ducts](#))

BLOOD (see [Hematopoietic/Lymphoid](#))

BLOOD VESSELS (see [Soft tissues](#))

BONE AND JOINTS

Adamantinoma

Ameloblastoma, malignant

Angioblastoma (+)

Angiosarcoma

Askin tumor

Chondroblastoma, malignant

Chondrosarcoma

Chordoma

Ewing Sarcoma

Fibrous histiocytoma, malignant

Fibrosarcoma (medullary, periosteal, central, endosteal)

Giant cell tumor, malignant

Hemangioendothelioma, malignant

Mesenchymal chondrosarcoma

Myeloma

Odontogenic tumor, malignant

Osteogenic Sarcoma

Osteosarcoma

Peripheral neuroectodermal tumor

Plasmacytoma

Solitary fibrous tumor, malignant

BONE MARROW (see [Hematopoietic/Lymphoid](#))

BRAIN & CNS (brain, spinal cord, cranial nerves, meninges, and other CNS)

Acoustic neuroma (O)

Ameloblastoma, malignant/metastasizing

Angiocentric glioma (+)

Angiolipoma (O)

Angiomatous meningioma (O)

Astroblastoma

Astrocytoma, any type

Atypical choroid plexus papilloma(+)

BRAIN & CNS (brain, spinal cord, cranial nerves, meninges, and other CNS)

Atypical lipoma (+)
Atypical meningioma (+)
Atypical teratoid/ rhabdoid tumor
Capillary hemangioma (O)
Cavernous hemangioma (O)
Cauda equina neuroendocrine tumor
Central neurocytoma (+)
Chordoid glioma (+)
Chordoma, NOS
Choroid plexus papilloma, malignant
Choroid plexus papilloma (O)
Choroid meningioma (+)
Clear cell meningioma (+)
CNS Embryonal tumor, NOS
CNS tumor with BCCR internal tandem duplication
Dermoid cyst (O)
Desmoplastic infantile astrocytoma (+)
Diffuse astrocytoma, MYB- or MYBL1-altered (+)
Diffuse leptomeningeal glioneuronal tumor
Diffuse low-grade glioma, MAPK pathway- altered (+)
Diffuse melanocytosis (O)
Diffuse midline glioma, H3 K27-altered
Diffuse pediatric-type glioma, H3-wildtype and IDH-wildtype
Dysembryoplastic neuroepithelial tumor (O)
Dysplastic gangliocytoma of cerebellum (O) (Lhermitte-Duclos)
Embryonal tumor with multilayered rosettes, NOS
Embryonal tumor with rhabdoid features
Ependymoblastoma
Ependymoma
Fibrolipoma (O)
Fibroma (O)
Fibrous meningioma (O)
Gangliocytoma (O)
Ganglioglioma (+)
Ganglioneuroblastoma
Ganglioneuroma (O)
Gemistocytic astrocytoma IDH mutant
Germinoma
Glioblastoma
Gliofibroma (+)
Glioma, all types
Gliomatosis cerebri (+)

BRAIN & CNS (brain, spinal cord, cranial nerves, meninges, and other CNS)

Glioneural tumor (+)
Glioneuronal tumor (+)
Hemangioblastoma (+)
Hemangiopericytoma, benign (O)
Hemangiopericytoma (+)
Hemangioma (O)
Hemangiopericytoma, benign (O)
Hemangiopericytoma (+)
Hemangiopericytoma, malignant
High-grade astrocytoma with piloid features (HGAP) (O)
Infant-type hemispheric glioma
Juvenile xanthogranuloma (+)
Leiomyoma (O)
Leiomyomatosis (+)
Lipoma (O)
MALT lymphoma of the dura
Medulloblastoma (histologically defined)
Medulloepithelioma
Melanotic neurofibroma (O)
Meningeal melanocytoma (+)
Meningeal sarcomatosis
Meningioma, malignant
Meningioma (O)
Meningiomatosis (+)
Meningiotheliomatous meningioma (O)
Meningiothelial meningioma (O)
Multinodular and vasculating neuronal tumor (MVNT) (O)
Myxoid glioneuronal tumor
Myxopapillary ependymoma (+)
Neoplasm, benign (O)
Neoplasm, uncertain whether benign or malignant (+)
Neurilemoma (O)
Neurinomatosis (+)
Neuroblastoma
Neurocytoma (O)
Neuroepithelioma, NOS
Neuroma (O)
Neurothekeoma (O)
Nerve sheath myxoma
Nerve sheath tumor
Oligodendrocytoma/Oligodendroblastoma
Oligodendroglioma

BRAIN & CNS (brain, spinal cord, cranial nerves, meninges, and other CNS)

Pacinian tumor (O)
Papillary meningioma
Papillary glioneuronal tumor
Paraganglioma
Peripheral neuroectodermal tumor
Perineurioma (O)
Pilocytic Astrocytoma/Juvenile Pilocytic Astrocytoma (+)
Pineocytoma
Plexiform neurofibroma (O)
Polarespongioblastoma
Polymorphous low-grade neuroepithelial tumor of the young
Primary intracranial sarcoma, DICER1-mutant
Primitive neuroectodermal tumor
Psammomatous meningioma (O)
Rhabdomyoma (O)
Rosette-forming glioneuronal tumor (+)
Schwannoma (any)
Smooth muscle tumor (+)
Soft tissue tumor, benign (O)
Solitary fibrous tumor (O)
Spongioblastoma
Spongioneuroblastoma
Subependymal astrocytoma
Subependymal giant cell astrocytoma (+)
Suependymoma (+)
Teratoid medulloepithelioma
Teratoma, benign (O)
Teratoma (+)
Transitional meningioma (O)
Tumor cells, benign (O)
Tumor cells, malignant
Venous hemangioma (O)

BREAST

Adenocarcinoma
Adenomyoepithelioma with carcinoma
Apocrine carcinoma
Carcinoid Tumor, malignant
Colloid carcinoma
Comedocarcinoma
Cribriform carcinoma
Cystosarcoma phyllodes, malignant only

BREAST

Ductal carcinoma, in situ
Epithelioma, malignant
Fibroadenoma, malignant only
Fibroblastic reticular cell tumor
Glassy cell carcinoma
Glycogen rich carcinoma
Granular cell tumor, malignant
Hemangioendothelioma, malignant
Histiocytosis, malignant
Infiltrating carcinoma of the breast such as:
 Duct adenocarcinoma
 Duct and lobular
 Duct carcinoma
 Duct and Paget's disease
 Ductular
 Lobular
Inflammatory carcinoma
Lipid-rich carcinoma
Lobular carcinoma, in situ
Lobular and intraductal, in situ
Lobular neoplasia grade III (LN III)/lobular intraepithelial neoplasia grade III (LIN III)
Lymphoma
Medullary carcinoma
Mesenchymoma, malignant
Metaplastic carcinoma
Mixed acinar ductal carcinoma
Mucinous carcinoma
Mucinous Cystadenocarcinoma
Mucoepidermoid carcinoma
Myoepithelioma, malignant
Neuroendocrine carcinoma
Neuroendocrine tumor
Oncocytic carcinoma
Papillary carcinoma, in situ
Paget's disease
Periductal stromal tumor, low grade
Phyllodes tumor, malignant
Polymorphous carcinoma
Sebaceous carcinoma
Stromal sarcoma of breast
Tubular carcinoma

BRONCHUS (see [Lung](#))

CERVIX (see [Uterus](#))

COLON (see [G-I tract](#))

EAR (see [Skin](#), [Soft tissue](#))

ENDOMETRIUM (see [Uterus](#))

ESOPHAGUS (see [G-I tract](#))

EYE

- Conjunctival intraepithelial neoplasia grade III
- Diktyoma, malignant
- Epidermoid carcinoma
- Medulloepithelioma, malignant
- Melanoma, malignant
- Mixed tumor, malignant
- Primary choroidal lymphoma
- Retinoblastoma
- Sarcoma
- Squamous cell carcinoma
- Squamous cell epithelioma
- Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade II & III (SIN II & III)
- (Tumors of the orbit: See soft tissues and Hematopoietic/Lymphoid)

FALLOPIAN TUBE (see [Uterus](#))

GALLBLADDER AND EXTRAHEPATIC BILE DUCTS

- Adenocarcinoma
- Adenocarcinoma, intestinal type
- Biliary intraepithelial neoplasia, high grade
- Carcinoid tumor, malignant
- Carcinoma (other)
- Cholangiocarcinoma
- Clear Cell Adenocarcinoma, NOS
- Intestinal-type adenoma, high grade
- Intracholecystic papillary neoplasm (ICPN) with high-grade dysplasia
- Klatskin tumor
- Mixed neuroendocrine non-neuroendocrine neoplasm
- Mucinous Cystadenocarcinoma
- Neuroendocrine Carcinoma

GASTRO-INTESTINAL TRACT (esophagus, stomach, intestine, appendix, colon, anus)

Adenocarcinoma
Adenocarcinoma, intestinal type
Adenoid cystic carcinoma
(Adeno) carcinoma in Adenomatous polyp with or without invasion of stalk
Adenomatous polyp, high grade dysplasia (stomach and small intestine ONLY)
Adenosarcoma
Anal intraepithelial neoplasia II & III (AIN II & AIN III)
Apudoma (+)
Argentaffinoma (+)
Basaloid squamous cell carcinoma
Bowen's disease of anus
Basal cell adenocarcinoma
Carcinoid tumor
Carcinofibroma
Carcinosarcoma
Cloacogenic carcinoma
Combined small cell carcinoma
Desmoplastic small round cell tumor
Enterochromaffin cell carcinoid
Enterochromaffin-like cell tumor, malignant
Enteroglucagonoma, malignant
Epidermoid carcinoma
Epithelioid hemangioendothelioma, malignant
Extra-adrenal paraganglioma
Gastrinoma
Gastroblastoma
Gastrointestinal autonomic nerve tumor (GANT)
Gastrointestinal pacemaker cell tumor
Gastrointestinal stromal tumor (GIST), NOS
Glucagonoma, malignant
Hemangiopericytoma, malignant
High grade appendiceal mucinous neoplasm (HAMN)
Immunoproliferative disease, small intestine
Intestinal-type adenoma, high grade (stomach and small intestines ONLY)
Kaposi's Sarcoma
Low grade appendiceal mucinous neoplasm (LAMN)
Leiomyosarcoma
Linitis plastica
Lymphoepithelioma-like carcinoma
Lymphoma
Medullary carcinoma, NOS
Medullary carcinoma with lymphoid stroma

GASTRO-INTESTINAL TRACT (esophagus, stomach, intestine, appendix, colon, anus)

- Mesodermal mixed tumor
- Mesenchymoma, malignant
- Micropapillary carcinoma, NOS
- Mixed germ cell tumor
- Mixed neuroendocrine non-neuroendocrine neoplasm
- Mixed tumor of esophagus, malignant only
- Mullerian mixed tumor
- Mucoepidermoid carcinoma
- Neuroendocrine carcinoma
- Pancreatobiliary-type carcinoma
- Paget disease of anus
- Polypoid adenoma, malignant only
- Serrated dysplasia, high grade (stomach and small intestines ONLY)
- Signet ring cell carcinoma
- Squamous cell carcinoma
- Squamous cell carcinoma, HPV-associated
- Squamous cell carcinoma, HPV-independent
- Squamous cell epithelioma
- Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade II & III (SIN II & III)
- Somatostatinoma
- Transitional cell carcinoma
- Tubular adenocarcinoma

HEMATOPOIETIC/LYMPHOID (Including blood, bone marrow, lymph nodes, spleen and tumors of hematopoietic or lymphoid histogenesis found in other sites.)

- Acute erythremic myelosis
- Acute megakaryocytic myelosis
- Acute panmyelosis with myelofibrosis
- Anaplastic large cell lymphoma ALK-negative/Breast implant-associated anaplastic large cell lymphoma
- Blastic plasmacytoid dendritic cell neoplasm
- Chronic lymphoproliferative disorder of NK cells
- Chronic myeloproliferative disease
- Dendritic cell sarcoma
- DiGuglielmo syndrome
- Erdhiem-Chester Disease
- Erythroleukemia
- Essential thrombocythemia
- Extraosseous plasmacytoma
- Fibroblastic reticular cell tumor
- Heavy chain disease, all such as:
 - Alpha

HEMATOPOIETIC/LYMPHOID (Including blood, bone marrow, lymph nodes, spleen and tumors of hematopoietic or lymphoid histogenesis found in other sites.)

- Gamma (Franklin's Disease)
- Mu
- Not otherwise specified
- Histiocytic medullary reticulosis
- Histiocytosis, malignant
- Histiocytosis-X, malignant only
- Hodgkin's Disease, all such as:
 - Histiocyte predominant
 - Lymphocyte depleted
 - Lymphocyte predominant
 - Mixed cellularity
 - Nodular sclerosing
- Hypereosinophilic syndrome
- Idiopathic thrombocythemia
- Immunoproliferative Disease, NOS
- Langerhans cell histiocytosis, disseminated (ONLY)
- Letterer-Siwe's Disease
- Leukemia, all
- Leukemic reticuloendotheliosis
- Lymphangioliomyomatosis
- Lymphoid neoplasm
- Lymphoma, all
- Lymphomatoid granulomatosis, grade 3
- Lymphosarcoma
- Lymphoreticular process, malignant
- Malignant histiocytosis
- Malignant mastocytosis/ systemic mastocytosis
- Megakaryocytosis, malignant
- Multiple myeloma
- Mycosis fungoides
- Myelodysplastic neoplasm, unclassifiable
- Myelodysplastic syndrome
- Myelodysplastic syndrome with ring sideroblasts and multilineage dysplasia
- Myelofibrosis with myeloid metaplasia, malignant only
- Myeloid neoplasm
- Myeloid/lymphoid neoplasms with PCM1-JAK2
- Myeloid and lymphoid neoplasms with PDGFRB rearrangement
- Myeloid and lymphoid neoplasm with FGFR1 abnormalities
- Myeloma
- Myeloproliferative disease
- Myelosclerosis

HEMATOPOIETIC/LYMPHOID (Including blood, bone marrow, lymph nodes, spleen and tumors of hematopoietic or lymphoid histogenesis found in other sites.)

- Panmyelosis, acute
- Primary myelofibrosis
- Polycythemia Vera
- Refractory anemia (all)
- Refractory cytopenia with multilineage dysplasia
- Refractory neutropenia
- Refractory thrombocytopenia
- Reticulosis, malignant
- Reticulum cell sarcoma/tumor
- Rosai-Dorfman disease
- Sezary's disease or syndrome
- Splenic marginal zone B-cell lymphoma
- Systemic mastocytosis
- Systemic EBV pos. T-cell lymphoproliferative disease of childhood
- Therapy related myelodysplastic syndrome
- Waldenstrom's macroglobulinemia or syndrome

HYPOPHARYNX (see [Oral Cavity](#))

KIDNEY

- Adenocarcinoma
- Adenomyosarcoma
- Carcinoid tumor, malignant
- Clear cell carcinoma
- Ganglioma, anaplastic
- Hypernephroma
- Nephroblastoma
- Renal cell carcinoma
- Squamous cell carcinoma
- Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade II & III (SIN II & III)
- Transitional cell carcinoma
- Tubular adenoma, borderline or malignant only
- Wilms's Tumor

LARYNX AND TRACHEA

- Adenocarcinoma
- Adenocystic carcinoma
- Cylindroma
- Laryngeal Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade II & III (LIN II & III)
- Pulmonary blastoma
- Squamous cell carcinoma

LARYNX AND TRACHEA

Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade II & III (SIN II & III)

LIP (see [Oral Cavity](#))

LIVER AND INTRAHEPATIC BILE DUCTS

Adenocarcinoma, intestinal type
Angiosarcoma
Bile duct carcinoma
Carcinoid tumor, malignant
Cholangiocarcinoma
Hemangioendothelioma, malignant
Hepatoblastoma
Hepatocellular carcinoma
Hepatoma, malignant only
Intestinal-type adenoma, high grade
Klatskin tumor
Mixed neuroendocrine non-neuroendocrine neoplasm
Mucinous cystic neoplasm with high-grade intraepithelial neoplasia
Mucinous cystadenocarcinoma

LIVER AND INTRAHEPATIC BILE DUCTS

Neuroendocrine carcinoma
Neuroendocrine tumor

LUNG AND BRONCHUS

Adenocarcinoid tumor
Adenocarcinoma
Adenoid cystic carcinoma
Apudoma (+)
Argentaffinoma (+)
Bronchial adenoma (+)
Bronchial adenoma (carcinoid type)
Cylindroma
Diffuse pulmonary lymphangiomatosis
Epidermoid carcinoma
Intravascular bronchial alveolar tumor
Large cell (anaplastic) carcinoma
Low-grade papillary adenocarcinoma
Neuroendocrine carcinoma
Oat cell carcinoma
Pulmonary blastoma
Sclerosing thymoma
Intrapulmonary thymoma

LUNG AND BRONCHUS

- Small cell (anaplastic) carcinoma
- Squamous cell carcinoma
- Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade II & III (SIN II & III)
- Thoracic SMARCA4-deficient undifferentiated tumor
- Undifferentiated carcinoma

LYMPH NODE (see [Hematopoietic/Lymphoid](#))

MEDIASTINUM (see [Hematopoietic/Lymphoid](#), [Soft tissue](#), or [Thymus](#))

MENINGES (see [CNS](#))

MUSCLE (see [Soft tissue](#))

NERVE (see [Soft tissue](#))

NOSE (Nasal cavity, Para-nasal sinus and Nasopharynx)

- Adenocarcinoma
- Bowen disease of nasopharynx
- Chordoma
- Epidermoid carcinoma
- Esthesioneuroblastoma
- Lymphoepithelioma
- Malignant mastocytosis
- Mesenchymoma, malignant
- Neuroblastoma
- Neurilemmoma, malignant
- Olfactory neurogenic tumor
- Rhabdomyosarcoma
- Sarcoma botryoides
- Squamous cell carcinoma (other than skin)
- Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade II & III (SIN II & III)
- Yolk sac tumor

ORAL CAVITY AND SALIVARY GLANDS

- Adenocarcinoma
- Adenoid cystic carcinoma
- Acinic cell carcinoma
- Acinic cell tumor (+)
- Bowen disease
- Cylindroma
- Epidermoid carcinoma

ORAL CAVITY AND SALIVARY GLANDS

Hyalinizing clear cell carcinoma
Kaposi sarcoma
Low grade cribriform cystadenocarcinoma (LGCCC)
Lymphoepithelioma
Malignant mastocytosis
Malignant Lymphoma
Malignant histiocytosis
Mixed tumor, salivary gland type, malignant only
Mucoepidermoid carcinoma
Mucoepidermoid tumor (+)
Pleomorphic adenoma, malignant only
Squamous cell carcinoma
Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade II & III (SIN II & III)
Sezary syndrome
Transitional cell carcinoma
Undifferentiated carcinoma
Verrucous carcinoma
Warthin tumor, malignant

OROPHARYNX (see [Oral cavity](#))

OVARY

Adenocarcinoma, NOS
Adenosarcoma
Androblastoma, malignant
Arrhenoblastoma, malignant
Brenner tumor, malignant
only Choriocarcinoma
Clear cell carcinoma
Dysgerminoma
Embryonal carcinoma
Endodermal sinus tumor
Endometrial stromal sarcoma
Endometrial stromal sarcoma, low grade
Endometrioid carcinoma
Enterochromaffin-like cell tumor, malignant
Germinoma
Germ cell tumor, nonseminomatous
Granulosa cell carcinoma
Granulosa cell tumor, adult type
Granulosa cell tumor, malignant only
Leydig cell tumor, malignant
Mesonephroid carcinoma
Mesonephric-like adenocarcinoma
Mucinous cystadenocarcinoma
Ovarian stromal tumor, malignant
Papillary serous cystadenocarcinoma
Polyembryoma
Pseudomucinous cystadenocarcinoma
Seminoma
Serous papillary cystadenocarcinoma
Sertoli-Leydig cell tumor, poorly differentiated
Small cell carcinoma, Intermediate
Steroid cell tumor, malignant
Struma ovarii, malignant
Thecoma, malignant
Teratoma, malignant
Trophoblastic tumor, epithelioid
Yolk-sac tumor

PANCREAS

ACTH-producing tumor
Adenocarcinoma
Beta cell adenoma
Cystoadenocarcinoma
Cystic pancreatic endocrine neoplasm (CPEN)
Differentiated Penile Intraepithelial Neoplasia
Endocrine tumor, functioning, NOS
Enterochromaffin-like cell tumor, malignant
Enteroglucagonoma, malignant
Gastrinoma
Glucagonoma
Insulinoma, NOS
Intraductal Papillary Mucinous Neoplasm (IPMN) with high grade dysplasia
Intraductal oncocytic papillary neoplasm, NOS
Intraductal oncocytic papillary neoplasm with associated invasive carcinoma
Intraductal Tubule-Papillary (tubulopapillary) Neoplasm (ITPN)
Infiltrating duct carcinoma, NOS
Islet cell adenoma
Islet cell adenomatosis
Islet cell carcinoma
Mixed pancreatic endocrine and exocrine tumor, malignant
Mucinous Cystic Neoplasm (MCN) with high grade dysplasia
Nesidioblastoma
Non-invasive mucinous cystic neoplasm, with high-grade dysplasia (MCN)
Pancreatic endocrine tumor, malignant
Pancreatic endocrine tumor, nonfunctioning
Pancreatic endocrine tumor, NOS
Pancreatoblastoma
Pancreatic neoplasia III (PanIN III)
Papillary cystic tumor (+)
Papillary neoplasm, pancreatobiliary type with high grade intraepithelial neoplasia
Serous cystadenocarcinoma
Solid pseudopapillary neoplasm (SPN)
Somatostatinoma
Squamous cell carcinoma
Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade II & III (SIN II & III)
Vipoma

PARAGANGLIA (see also [Adrenal](#))

- Aortic body paraganglioma
- Aortic body tumor
- Aorticopulmonary paraganglioma
- Carotid body paraganglioma
- Carotid body tumor
- Chemodectoma
- Composite paraganglioma
- Extra-adrenal paraganglioma, NOS
- Glomus jugulare tumor, NOS
- Jugular paraganglioma
- Jugulotympanic paraganglioma
- Laryngeal paraganglioma
- Middle ear paraganglioma
- Non-chromaffin paraganglioma, NOS
- Non-chromaffin paraganglioma (+)
- Vagal paraganglioma

PARATHYROID

- Carcinoma, all
- Paraganglioma

PARANASAL SINUSES (see [Nose](#))

PENIS

- Basal cell carcinoma of Penis and Prepuce (skin of)
- Bowen disease
- Erythroplasia of Queyrat
- Mesodermal mixed tumor
- Mullerian mixed tumor
- Paget disease, extramammary
- Penile intraepithelial neoplasia III (PeIN III)
- Penile intraepithelial neoplasia (PeIN), undifferentiated
- Queyrat erythroplasia
- Squamous cell carcinoma
- Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade II & III (SIN II & III)
- Verrucous carcinoma

PERICARDIUM (see [pleura](#))

PERITONEUM (see [pleura](#))

PHARYNX (see [oral cavity](#))

PINEAL

- Dermoid cyst (O)
- Epithelial tumor, benign (O)
- Gangliocytoma (O)
- Ganglioglioma (+)
- Germ cell tumors
- Medulloepithelioma
- Neoplasm, benign (O)
- Papillary tumor of the pineal region
- Pinealoma (+)
- Pineoblastoma
- Pineocytoma (+)
- Primitive neuroectodermal tumor
- Teratoma, benign (O)
- Teratoma (+)

PITUITARY AND CRANIOPHARYNGEAL DUCT

- Acidophil adenoma (O)
- Adamantinomatous craniopharyngioma (+)
- Adenoma (O)
- Basophil adenoma (O)
- Chromophobe adenoma (O)
- Clear cell adenoma (O)
- Clear cell tumor (O)
- Craniopharyngioma (any type) (+)
- Craniopharyngioma, malignant
- Embryoma
- Epithelial tumor, benign (O)
- Ganglioglioma, anaplastic
- Granular cell tumor (O)
- Lipoma (O)
- Mixed acidophil-basophil adenoma (O)
- Mixed cell adenoma (O)
- Monomorphic adenoma (O)
- Neoplasm, uncertain (+)
- Neoplasm, benign (O)
- Oxyphilic adenoma (O)
- Papillary adenoma (O)
- Papillary craniopharyngioma (+)
- Pituicytoma
- Pituitary adenoma (O)
- Pituitary adenoma/pituitary neuroendocrine tumor (PitNET)
- Pituitary blastoma

PITUITARY AND CRANIOPHARYNGEAL DUCT

- Prolactinoma (O)
- Rathke Pouch tumor (+)
- Sellar ependymoma
- Soft tissue tumor, benign (O)
- Teratoma, benign (O)
- Teratoma (+)
- Tumor cells, benign or uncertain

PLACENTA

- Choriocarcinoma
- Chorioepithelioma
- Hydatiform mole, malignant (+)
- Invasive mole (+)
- Trophoblastic tumor, epithelioid

PLEURA, PERITONEUM, PERICARDIUM

- Diffuse pleural mesothelioma
- Endometrial stromal sarcoma
- Endometrial stromal sarcoma, low grade
- Fibrin-associated diffuse B-cell lymphoma
- Fibrosarcoma
- Gastrointestinal stromal tumor (GIST)
- Germ cell tumors, malignant
- High-grade serous carcinoma
- Low-grade serous carcinoma
- Mesothelioma
- Myxoid pleomorphic liposarcoma
- Paraganglioma
- Pleuropulmonary blastoma
- Sarcoma

PROSTATE AND SEMINAL VESICLE

- Acinar (adenocarcinoma) sarcomatoid variant
- Adenocarcinoma
- Adenoid cystic carcinoma
- Alveolar rhabdomyosarcoma
- Carcinosarcoma
- Endometrioid carcinoma
- Rhabdomyosarcoma

RECTUM (see [G-I Tract](#))

RENAL PELVIS (see [urinary tract](#))

SALIVARY GLANDS (see [oral cavity](#))

SKIN

Acral lentiginous melanoma, malignant
Acral melanoma
Adnexal adenocarcinoma
Aggressive digital papillary adenoma
Amelanotic melanoma
Basal cell carcinoma of labia, clitoris, vulva, prepuce, penis and scrotum
Blue nevus, malignant
Bowen disease of anus and penis
Carcinoma in pleomorphic adenoma
Ceruminous adenocarcinoma
Dermatofibrosarcoma, sarcomatous
Early/evolving invasive melanoma
Early/evolving melanoma, in situ
Eccrine papillary adenocarcinoma
Eccrine poroma, malignant
Fibrous histiocytoma, malignant
Hemangioendothelioma, malignant
Hemangiopericytoma, malignant
Hidradenocarcinoma
Hutchinson's melanotic freckle
Lentigo maligna
Low cumulative sun damaged melanoma
Lymphoma
Keratoacanthoma
Malignant eccrine spiradenoma
Malignant melanoma arising in a giant congenital nevus
Malignant Spitz tumor
Melanocarcinoma
Melanoma
Melanosarcoma
Merkel cell tumor
MPNST with rhabdomyoblastic differentiation
Mycosis Fungoides
Myoepithelial carcinoma
Neurilemmoma, malignant
Nodular hidradenoma, malignant
Paget disease, extramammary
Papillary basaloid carcinoma

SKIN

- Pseudovascular squamous cell carcinoma
- Porocarcinoma
- Precancerous melanosis, NOS
- Sebaceous carcinoma
- Sezary syndrome
- Skin appendage carcinoma
- Squamous cell carcinoma (of labia, clitoris, vulva, prepuce, penis and scrotum only)
- Superficial spreading melanoma
- Sweat gland carcinoma
- Trichilemmocarcinoma
- Warty-basaloid carcinoma

SOFT TISSUE (including retroperitoneum, peripheral nerve)

- Alveolar rhabdomyosarcoma
- Alveolar soft parts sarcoma
- Angiofibrosarcoma
- Angiosarcoma
- Angiomyxoma (+)
- Chondrosarcoma
- CIC-rearranged sarcoma
- Clear cell sarcoma of tendons
- Ectomesenchymoma
- Embryonal rhabdomyosarcoma
- Epithelioid hemangioendothelioma
- Fibromyxosarcoma
- Fibrosarcoma
- Fibrous histiocytoma, malignant
- Granular cell tumor, malignant
- Hemangioendothelial sarcoma
- Hemangioendothelioma, malignant only
- Hemangiopericytoma, malignant only
- High-grade serous carcinoma
- Juvenile rhabdomyosarcoma
- Kaposi's sarcoma
- Leiomyosarcoma
- Liposarcoma
- Low-grade serous carcinoma
- Lymphangioendothelioma, malignant
- Lymphangiosarcoma
- Malignant melanotic nerve sheath tumor
- Mesenchymoma, malignant
- Mesodermal mixed tumor

SOFT TISSUE (including retroperitoneum, peripheral nerve)

Metastasizing leiomyoma
Mixed germ cell tumor
MPNST with rhabdomyoblastic differentiation
Myosarcoma
Myoepithelial carcinoma
Myxoid pleomorphic liposarcoma
Myxosarcoma
Neuroblastoma
Neurogenic sarcoma
Neurilemmoma, malignant
Osteosarcoma
Paraganglioma, malignant
Polyembryoma
Reticulum cell sarcoma
Rhabdoid tumor
Rhabdomyoma, malignant
Rhabdomyosarcoma
Round cell sarcoma with EWSR1-non-ETS fusions
Sarcoma botryoides
Sarcoma with BCOR genetic alterations
Schwannoma, malignant
Schwannoma, malignant with rhabdomyoblastomatous differentiation
Synovial sarcoma
Trophoblastic tumor, epithelioid
Yolk sac tumor
Xanthofibroma, malignant

SPINAL CORD (see [CNS](#))

SPLEEN (see [Hematopoietic/Lymphoid](#))

STOMACH ([G-I Tract](#))

TESTIS

Androblastoma, malignant
Carcinoid tumor (+)
Choriocarcinoma
Chorioepithelioma
Embryoma
Embryonal carcinoma
Embryonal teratoma
Endodermal sinus tumor

TESTIS

- Germ cell carcinoma
- Germ cell neoplasia
- Gonadal stromal tumor, malignant only
- Gonadoblastoma (+)
- Interstitial cell carcinoma
- Intratubular germ cell neoplasia, unclassified
- Leydig cell carcinoma
- Mature Teratoma in adults (post puberty)
- Mesonephric adenocarcinoma (infantile, juvenile embryonal carcinoma)
- Mixed germ cell tumor
- Polyembryoma
- Seminoma
- Sertoli cell carcinoma
- Spermatoblastoma
- Spermatocytic seminoma
- Spermatocytoma
- Teratoblastoma
- Teratocarcinoma
- Teratoma (+)
- Testicular intraepithelial neoplasm
- Trophoblastic tumor, epithelioid
- Vitelline tumor
- Yolk sac tumor

THYMUS

- Atypical thymoma
- Epithelial thymoma
- Germ cell tumors with associated hematological malignancy
- Lymphocytic thymoma, malignant only
- Metaplastic thymoma
- Seminoma
- Spindle cell thymoma, malignant only
- Spindle epithelial tumor with thymus-like element
- Thymic carcinoid
- Thymoma, NOS
- Thymoma, Type A, AB, B1, B2, B3, atypical variant

THYROID

- Adenocarcinoma
- Anaplastic carcinoma
- Fibrous histiocytoma, malignant
- Follicular carcinoma

THYROID

- Giant cell carcinoma
- Hurthle cell adenoma, malignant only
- Hurthle cell tumor, malignant only
- Medullary carcinoma
- Occult sclerosing carcinoma
- Papillary carcinoma
- Undifferentiated carcinoma

TRACHEA (see [Larynx](#))

URINARY TRACT (urinary bladder, ureter, urethra, renal pelvis)

- Adenocarcinoma
- Adenosarcoma
- Carcinosarcoma
- Chemodectoma, malignant only
- Ganglioglioma, anaplastic
- Mesodermal mixed tumor
- Mesonephroma, malignant
- Mullerian mixed tumors
- Papillary transitional cell carcinoma
- Paraganglioma (+)
- Pheochromocytoma, malignant only
- Rhabdomyosarcoma
- Spongioneuroblastoma
- Squamotransitional Carcinoma
- Squamous cell carcinoma
- Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade II & III (SIN II & III)
- Transitional cell carcinoma
- Urothelial cell carcinoma

UTERUS, UTERINE TUBES, CERVIX

- Adenoacanthoma
- Adenocarcinoma
- Adenocarcinoma, HPV-associated
- Adenocarcinoma, HPV-independent, clear cell type
- Adenocarcinoma, HPV-independent, gastric type
- Adenocarcinoma, HPV-independent, mesonephric type
- Adenocarcinoma, HPV-independent, NOS
- Adenocarcinoma, Intestinal type
- Adenosarcoma
- Adult granulosa cell tumor
- Adenoid basal cell carcinoma

UTERUS, UTERINE TUBES, CERVIX

- Adenosarcoma
- Adenosquamous carcinoma
- Atypical hyperplasia of endometrium
- Bowen disease
- Carcinofibroma
- Choriocarcinoma, NOS
- Endolymphatic stromal myosis (low grade sarcoma)
- Endometrial stromal sarcoma
- Endometrioid adenocarcinoma
- Endometrioid intraepithelial neoplasia
- Germ cell tumor, NOS
- Intraepithelial neoplasm of endometrium
- Leiomyosarcoma
- Mesonephric carcinoma
- Mesonephric-like adenocarcinoma
- Mixed mesodermal tumor
- Mullerian mixed tumor
- PEComa, malignant
- Perivascular epithelial tumor, malignant
- Primitive neuroectodermal tumor
- Serous tubal intraepithelial carcinoma (STIC)
- Squamous cell carcinoma
- Squamous cell carcinoma, HPV-associated
- Squamous cell carcinoma, HPV-independent
- Teratoma, malignant, NOS
- Yolk sac tumor, NOS

VULVA AND VAGINA

- Adenocarcinoma, HPV-associated
- Adenocarcinoma, HPV-independent, NOS
- Adenosarcoma
- Basal cell carcinoma of vulva, clitoris, and labia
- Bowen disease
- Clear cell carcinoma
- Epithelioma, malignant
- Fibrous histiocytoma, malignant
- Germ cell tumor, NOS
- HGSIL (High Grade Squamous Intraepithelial Lesion)
- Malignant tumor, all types
- Melanoma
- Mesodermal mixed tumor
- Mesonephroid carcinoma

VULVA AND VAGINA

Mullerian mixed tumor
Paget disease, extramammary
Phyllodes tumor, malignant
Sarcoma
Solitary fibrous tumor, malignant
Squamous cell carcinoma
Squamous cell carcinoma, HPV-associated
Squamous cell carcinoma, HPV-independent
Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade II & III (SIN II & III)
Trichilemmocarcinoma
Vaginal intraepithelial neoplasia II & III (VAIN II & III)
Vulvar intraepithelial neoplasia II & III (VIN II & III)
Yolk sac tumor, NOS

RESOURCES AND REFERENCES

NAACCR Guidelines for ICD-O-3.2 Update Implementation

<https://www.naacr.org/icdo3/>

SEER Program Coding and Staging Manual

<https://seer.cancer.gov/tools/codingmanuals/index.html>

NJSCR Program Manual

<http://www.nj.gov/health/ces/reporting-entities/njscr/>

ICD-O-3 SEER Site/Histology Validation List

<https://seer.cancer.gov/icd-o-3/>

Solid Tumor Rules 2023 (Multiple primaries and histologies)

<https://seer.cancer.gov/tools/solidtumor/>

(+) Borderline, reportable

(O) Benign, reportable